

Parts of a Tree -Leaves are green. They make food for the tree. The **bark** is the skin of a tree. E I Water from It is all around the trunk. the roots goes up the trunk to The **trunk** is the strongest part of the leaves. a tree. It holds up the branches. Food from the leaves comes down through the bark to the roots. Roots hold a tree in the ground so that the wind cannot blow it over.

Label and colour the drawing.

A tree

gets water

through its roots.

Fruits and Seeds

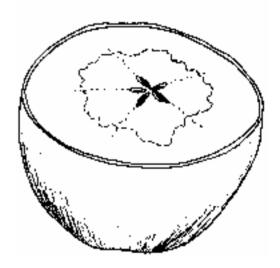
Seeds are found inside **fruits**.





Holly berry

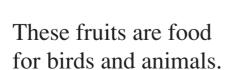






Apple







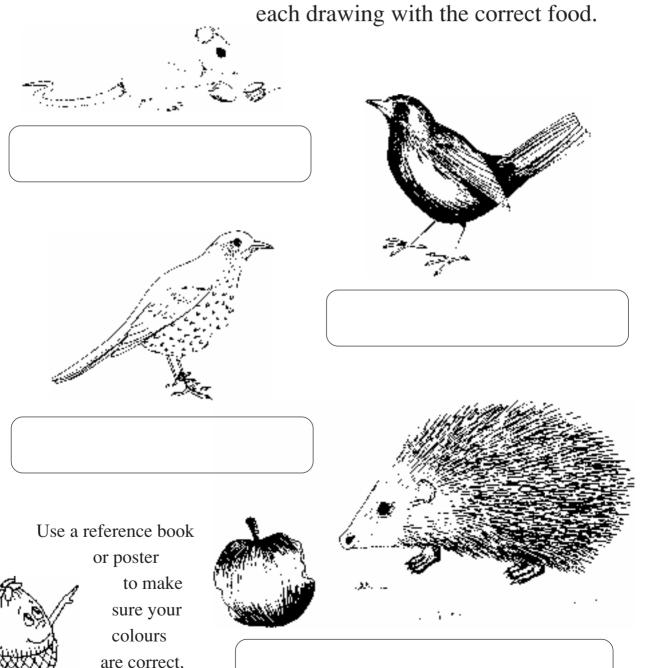
Haw

Fruits and Seeds

Colour in each picture.

- The blackbird eats haws.
- The thrush eats holly berries.
- Apples are food for hedgehogs. B
- Mice eat acorns. B

Label



Growing Seeds -

Do this in autumn.





You will need:



a flower pot or clean milk carton

potting compost (preferably
peat-free to save our bogs)

horticultural sand



You will also need seeds to plant.

Choose ones that are easy to grow.



chestnut



acorn



hazel nut



beech nut

Instructions

- Make holes in the bottom of the carton with a pencil.
- Label the carton with your name, the name of the seed and the date.
- Put some sand in the carton.
- Fill up the carton with compost. Mix well.
- Put the seed into the compost. Push it down to its own depth.
- Water the soil lightly.

Leave the container on a window sill. Water as required. The tree should start to grow in March. Seed Dispersal

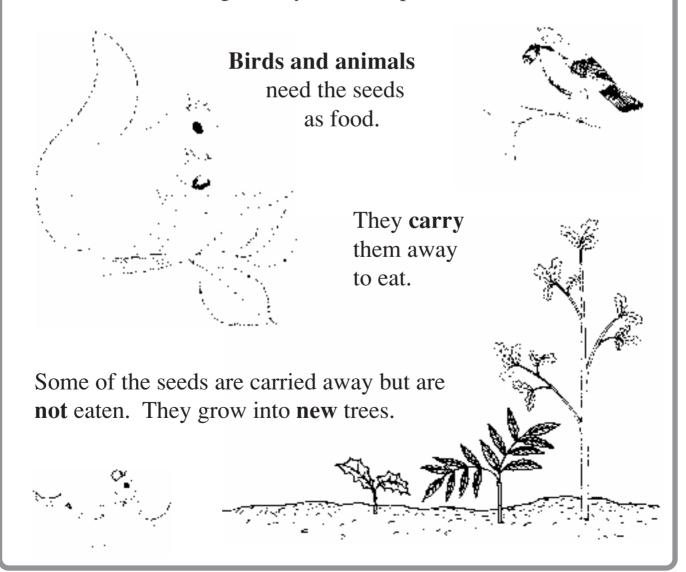
Seeds need **light** to grow into new trees.

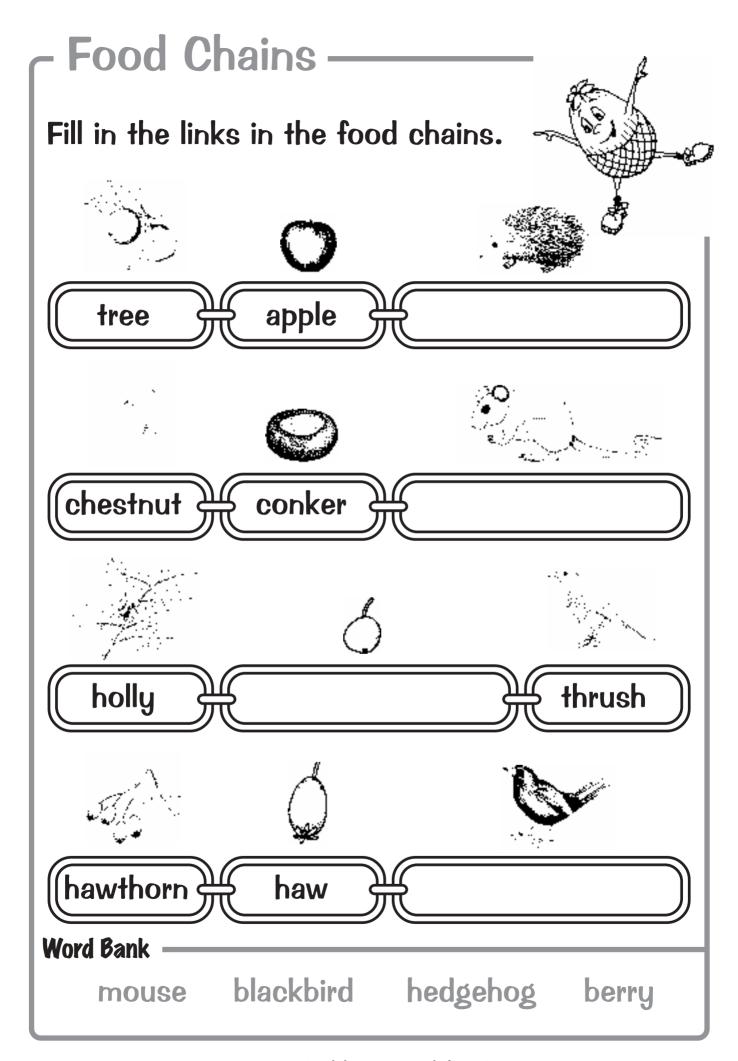
There is not enough light **under** the tree where they were formed for them to grow there.

Seeds need to get **away** from the parent tree to grow.



How can the seeds get away from the parent tree?





Food Chains

Finish these drawings.





Word Bank

mouse blackbird hedgehog thrush

An Experiment -

What you need

Three healthy potato plants

A black plastic bag

A cardboard box with a hole in one side Labels

What you do

- * Place one plant in the plastic bag and tie it tightly. Label it 1.
- * Place the cardboard box over the second plant. Label it 2.
- * Leave the third plant on the window sill. Label it 3. Water it when necessary.

After three weeks. • Examine the plants.

Put them side by side. What do you notice?

The plant in the bag has _____

Why?

The plant in the box has _____

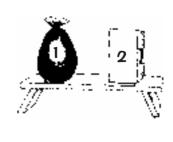
Why? _____

The plant on the window sill has _____



Why?





Field Trip

Task 1

Stand in a big circle around the tree.

How many children holding hands can fit around the trunk of the tree?

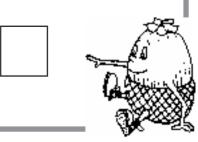


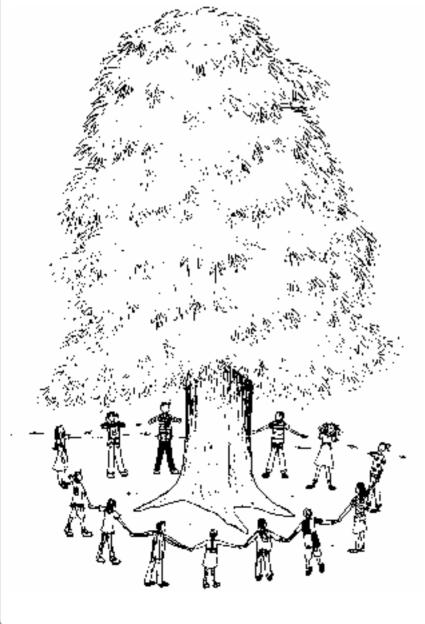
Task 2

Stand under the outer edge of the branches.

Hold hands with each other. You are now standing over the outer edge of the roots of the tree.

How many pupils are holding hands?





Field Trip

Task 3 Look at the tree.



*	The leaves are at the of	f the tree.
*	The bark is	(colour).
	The wide roots	the tree firm.
	They take in	for the tree to use.
*	The trunk of the tree is big and strong.	Look up at it.
	Is it in one section or does it divide?	
	If it divides, how many sections are then	re?
*	The branches begin where the trunk divides.	
*	What colour are the leaves?	·
	In autumn, many leaves are	·

Task 4 Make rubbings from the tree.

In spring, new leaves are

Make a bark or a leaf rubbing to make a tree collage in class.